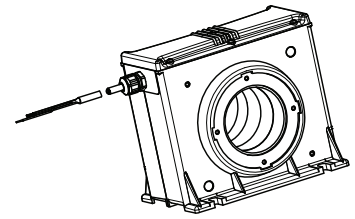


Current Transducer CD 1000-S/SP6

For the detection of a differential current between two primary conductors carrying opposing currents, with galvanic separation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).



$$I_{PN} = 2 \times 1200 \text{ A}$$



Electrical data

| | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------------------------|----|
| I_{PN} | Primary nominal RMS current | 2 x 1200 | A |
| \hat{I}_{Pmax} | Primary withstand peak current (maximum) | 2 x 3 | kA |
| I_{PRN} | Primary nominal residual RMS current | ±2 | A |
| I_{PRM} | Primary residual current, measuring range | ±0 ... 8 | A |
| R_M | Measuring resistance with ±15 ... 24 V @ ± I_{PRM} | R_{Mmin} R_{Mmax} 0 70 | Ω |
| I_{out} | Output current @ I_{PRN} | 20 | mA |
| U_C | Supply voltage (± 5 %) | ±15 ... 24 | V |
| I_C | Current consumption @ $U_C = ±24 \text{ V}$, @ $I_{PRN} = 0 \text{ A}$ | < 40 | mA |

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

| | | | |
|------------------|--|-----------|-----|
| ϵ_{tot} | Total error @ I_{PRN} , $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$ | < ±3 | % |
| ϵ_L | Linearity error | < 1 | % |
| I_O | Offset current @ $I_p = 0$, $T_A = 25 \text{ °C}$ | ±0.1 | mA |
| I_{OT} | Temperature variation of I_O -25 °C ... +70 °C | ±0.2 | mA |
| t_{D90} | Delay time to 90 % of the final output value for I_{PN} step | < 40 | µs |
| BW | Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB) | DC ... 10 | kHz |

General data

| | | | |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--|----|
| T_A | Ambient operating temperature | -25 ... +70 | °C |
| T_{Ast} | Ambient storage temperature | -40 ... +85 | °C |
| m | Mass | 1.5 | kg |
| | Standards | EN 50155: 2017 ¹⁾ EN 50121-3-2: 2016 | |

Note: ¹⁾ Additional information available on request.

Features

- Closed loop (compensated) current transducer
- Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Special feature

- Analog current output.

Advantages

- Very good linearity
- Low temperature drift
- Optimized delay time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- No insertion losses
- Current overload capability.

Application

- Leakage current detection.

Application Domain

- Railway (fixed installations and onboard).

Current Transducer CD 1000-S/SP6

Insulation coordination

| | | | |
|----------|--|--------------------|----|
| U_d | RMS voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min | 6 ¹⁾ | kV |
| d_{cp} | Creepage distance | 42.5 ²⁾ | mm |
| d_{ci} | Clearance distance | 38.4 ²⁾ | mm |
| CTI | Comparative tracking index (group III) | 225 | |

Notes: ¹⁾ Between primary and secondary

²⁾ Between primary tube and secondary.

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

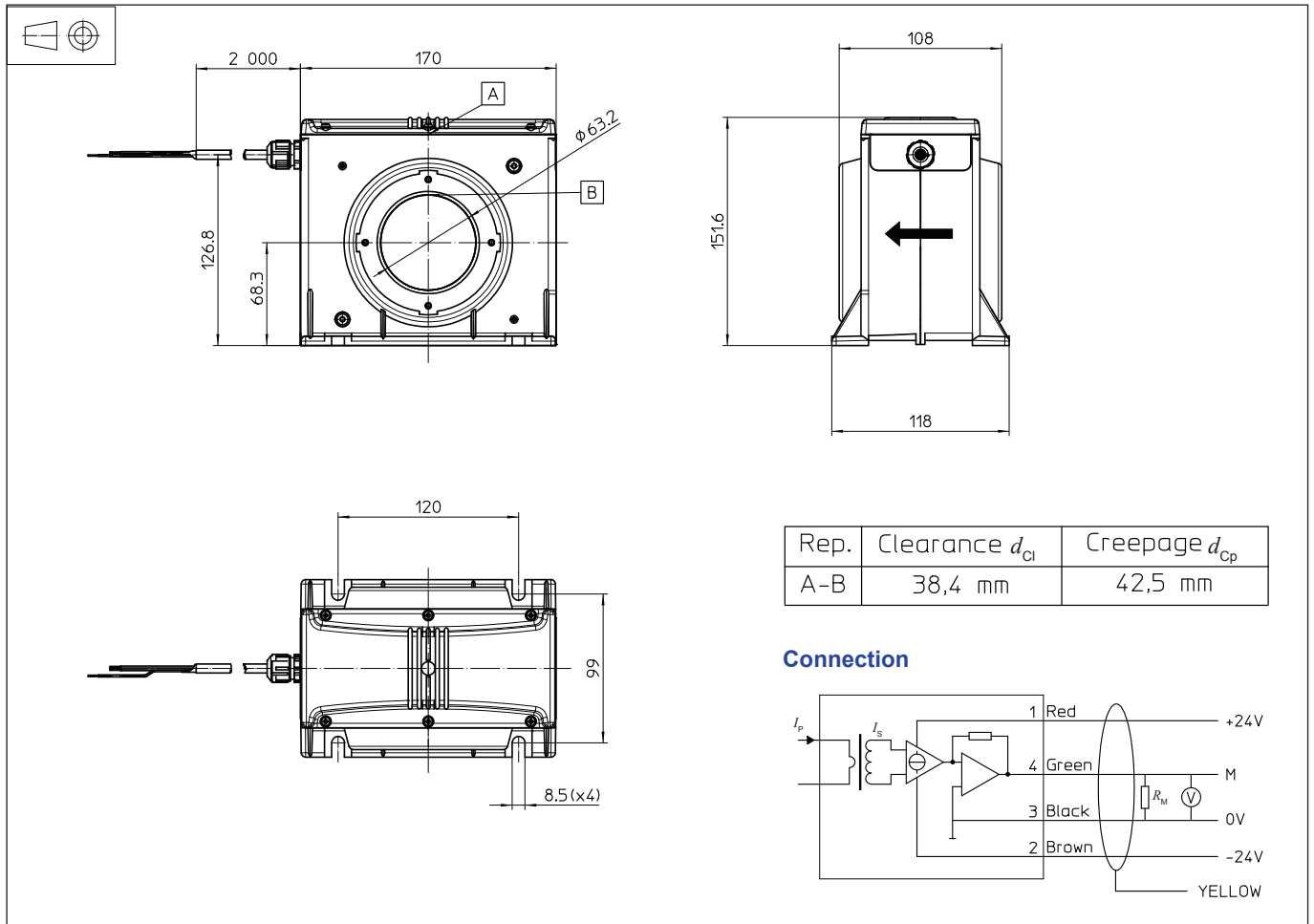
When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (e.g. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation. A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.

Dimensions CD 1000-S/SP6 (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

- General tolerance ± 0.5 mm
- Transducer fastening or Recommended fastening torque 4 holes $\varnothing 8.5$ mm 4 M8 steel screws 7.2 N·m
- Primary through-hole $\varnothing 63.2$ mm
- Connection of secondary Shielded cable

Remarks

- U_{out} is positive when I_p flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 100 °C.
- Installation of the transducer must be done unless otherwise specified on the datasheet, according to LEM Transducer Generic Mounting Rules. Please refer to LEM document N°ANE120504 available on our Web site: <https://www.lem.com/en/file/3137/download/>.